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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 Disclosures as on December 31, 2024

### **DF-2 Capital Adequacy:**

#### Qualitative Disclosures:

The Bank is subject to the Capital adequacy norms as per Master Circular on Basel-III Capital Regulations July 2015 and amendments thereto issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The Basel III capital regulation is being implemented in India from April 1, 2013 in phases and it has been fully implemented as on October 01, 2021.

As at December 31, 2024, the capital of the Bank is higher than the minimum capital requirement as per Basel-III guidelines.

The Bank has a process for assessing its overall capital adequacy in relation to the Bank's risk profile and a strategy for maintaining its capital levels. The process ensures that the Bank has adequate capital to support all the material risks and an appropriate capital cushion. The Bank identifies, assesses and manages comprehensively all risks that it is exposed to through robust risk management framework, control mechanism and an elaborate process for capital calculation and planning. The Bank has formalised and implemented a comprehensive Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP). The Bank's ICAAP covers the capital management policy of the Bank and also sets the process for assessment of the adequacy of capital to support current and future business projections / risks. The Bank has a structured process for the identification and evaluation of all risks that the Bank faces, which may have an adverse material impact on its financial position.

The Bank's stress testing analysis involves the use of various techniques to assess the Bank's potential vulnerability to extreme but plausible ("stressed") business conditions. Typically, this relates, among other things, to the impact on the Bank's profitability and capital adequacy. Stress Tests are conducted on a quarterly basis on the Bank's on and off balance sheet exposures to test the impact of Credit, Liquidity risk and Interest Rate Risk in the Banking book (IRRBB). The stress test results are put up to the Asset and liability Committee (ALCO) on a quarterly basis, for their review and guidance. The Bank periodically assesses and refines its stress tests in an effort to ensure that the stress scenarios capture material risks as well as reflect possible extreme market moves that could arise as a result of market conditions. The stress tests are used in conjunction with the Bank's business plans for the purpose of capital planning in the ICAAP.

The integration of risk assessment with business processes and strategies governed by a risk management framework under ICAAP enables the Bank to effectively manage risk-return trade off.

# Pillar I

The Bank has adopted Standardised Approach for Credit Risk, Standardized Duration Approach for Market Risk and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk for computing its capital requirement.

The total Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) as per Basel III guidelines works to 163.97% as on December 31, 2024 as against minimum regulatory requirement of 11.5% (9.00% + CCB 2.5%). The Tier I CRAR stands at 161.85% as against RBI's prescription of 8.875% (7.00% + CCB 2.5%). The Bank has followed the RBI guidelines in force, to arrive at the eligible capital, risk weighted assets and CRAR.

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# BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

# Quantitative Disclosure:

The Bank's capital requirements and capital ratios as of 31 December 2024 are as follows: -

(₹ '000)

A 11 (A 1) -		(₹ 000)
Composition of Capital	As on 31 Dec 2024	As an 30 Sep 2024
1. Capital requirements for Credit Risk	492,937	486,651
- Portfolios subject to standardized		
approach		
- Securitisation Exposures		
2. Capital requirements for Market Risk		
(Subject to Standardized Duration Approach) - Interest rate risk		
- Foreign exchange risk (including	16,263	4,050
gold)	6,469	6,469
- Equity risk	-	-
3. Capital requirements for Operational Risk		
(Subject to basic indicator approach)	122,346	122,347
Total Capital Requirements at 11.5% including Capital Conversion Buffer	·	,
(1+2+3)	638,015	619,517
Total Capital	9,097,064	8,985,376
Common Equity Tier I	8,979,279	8,873,571
Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Tier II Capital	117,785	111,805
Common Equity Tier I capital ratio (%)	161.85%	164.72%
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	161.85%	164.72%
Total Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	163.97%	166.79%

# **Risk Exposure and Assessment**

The Bank considers the following risks as material risks it is exposed to in the normal course of its business and therefore, factors these while assessing / planning capital:

- Credit Risk
- Market Risk
- Operational Risk
- Credit Concentration Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book
- Compliance Risk

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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

- Country Risk
- Reputational Risk
- Business/Strategy Risk
- Model Risk
- Environmental Risk
- Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure
- Collateral Risk
- Outsourcing / Vendor management Risk
- Human Capital Risk
- Group Risk

### **Risk Management framework**

The Bank is exposed to various types of risk. The Bank has separate and independent Risk Management Department in place which oversees all types of risks in an integrated fashion. The objective of risk management is to have optimum balance between risk and return. It entails the identification, measurement and management of risks across the various businesses of the Bank.

The Group Board has approved a risk management framework for all its entities within the Group, including its Mumbai branch.

The assumption of financial and non-financial risks is an integral part of the Group's business. The Group's risk management strategy is targeted at ensuring proper risk governance so as to facilitate ongoing effective risk discovery and to efficiently set aside adequate capital to cater for the risks. Risks are managed within levels established by the Group Management Committees and approved by the Board and its committees. The Group has a comprehensive framework of policies and procedures for the identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring, control and reporting of risks. This framework is governed by the appropriate Board and Senior Management Committees. The Board and the Senior Management Committees have the overall responsibility for risk management and risk strategies in the Bank.

The Group applies the following risk management principles:

- 1. Delivery of sustainable long-term growth using sound risk management principles and business practices;
- 2. Continual improvement of risk discovery capabilities and risk controls; and
- 3. Business development within a prudent, consistent and efficient risk management framework.

# **DF-3 Credit Risk**

Credit risk is defined as the possibility of losses associated with diminution in the credit quality of borrowers or counterparties. In a bank's portfolio, losses stem from outright default due to inability or unwillingness of a customer or counterparty to meet commitments in relation to lending, trading, settlement and other financial transactions.

The Bank adopts the definition of 'past due' and 'impaired credits' (for accounting purposes) as defined by Reserve Bank of India under Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRAC) norms (vide RBI Master Circular dated April 1, 2023).

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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

**Credit Risk Management policy** The Bank has an approved Credit policy and also relies on the Groups credit policies and processes, adhering to the directives and guidelines issued by RBI to manage credit risk in the following key areas:

# Credit Approval Process

To maintain independence and integrity of the credit approval process, the credit approval function is segregated from the credit origination. Credit approval authority is delegated through a risk-based Credit Discretionary Limits ("CDL") structure that is tiered according to the borrower's rating. Delegation of CDL follows a stringent process that takes into consideration the experience, seniority and track record of the officer. All credit approving officers are guided by product programmes. These credit policies, guidelines and product programmes are periodically reviewed to ensure their continued relevance.

#### Credit Risk Concentration

A risk-sensitive process is in place to regularly review, manage and report credit concentrations and portfolio quality. This includes monitoring concentration limits and exposures by obligors, portfolios, borrowers and industries. Limits are generally set as a percentage of the Group's capital funds.

Obligor limits ensure that there is no undue concentration to a group of related borrowers that may potentially pose a single risk to the Group.

Portfolio and borrowers limits ensure that lending to borrowers with weaker credit ratings is confined to acceptable levels. These limits are generally tiered according to the borrower's internal ratings.

Industry limits ensure that any adverse effect arising from an industry-specific risk event is confined to acceptable levels.

The Bank adopts a credit risk strategy and risk appetite, which is in line with its risk taking ability to ensure conservation and growth of shareholder funds, with a proper balance between risk and reward. Financial resources are allocated to best optimise the risk reward ratio.

- Ensuring that all economic and regulatory requirements are complied wit
- Ensuring that the portfolio is consistent with the Bank's strategy and objectives especially in relation to risk concentration, maturity profile and liquidity management

### **Quantitative disclosures**

Total gross credit exposure as on Dec 31, 2024

(₹'000)

Particulars	Exposure	Lien Marked Deposits against Exposures	Exposure backed by Eligible Guarantees
Fund based*	5,892,040	-	1,400,000
Non fund based	203,933	-	-

Represents book value as at Dec 31, 2024

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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

### Notes:

- 1. Fund based credit exposure excludes Balance with RBI, Balances with Banks, SLR investments, Fixed and Other assets.
- 2. Non-fund based exposure includes Bank Guarantee exposures and Forward Contracts & LC Acceptances.

### Geographic distribution of exposure as on Dec 31, 2024

(₹'000)

Particulars		Domestic	
	Exposure	Lien Marked Deposits against Exposures	Exposure backed by Eligible Guarantees
Fund based*	5,892,040	-	1,400,000
Non fund based	203,933	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Represents book value as at Dec 31, 2024

### Notes:

- 1. Fund based credit exposure excludes Balance with RBI, Balances with Banks, SLR investments, Fixed and Other assets.
- 2. Non-fund based exposure includes Bank Guarantee exposures and Forward Contracts & LC Acceptances.
- 3. The Bank has no direct overseas Credit Exposure (Fund / Non Fund) as on Dec 31, 2024

# Industry Type Distribution of Exposure as at Dec 31, 2024 (Gross)

(₹'000)

Industry Name – Sub Industry	Fund Based	Fund Based Non-Fund Based		
	Exposure	Exposure		
Bank	ı	170,884	170,884	
Basic Metal and Metal Products - Iron and Steel	800,000	-	800,000	
Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) - Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	1,455,540	-	1,455,540	
Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) - Others	350,000	-	350,000	
Infrastructure - Energy - Electricity Generation - Private Sector	780,000	-	780,000	
Manufacture of Paper and Paper products	100,000	-	100,000	
NBFC	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	
Others	•	33,049	33,049	
Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	250,000	-	250,000	
Wholesale Trade	156,500	-	156,500	
Grand Total	5,892,040	203,933	6,095,973	

### Notes:

- 1. Fund based credit exposure excludes Balance with RBI, Balances with Banks, SLR investments, Fixed and Other assets.
- 2. Non-fund based exposure includes Bank Guarantee exposures and Forward Contracts & LC Acceptances.

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# BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

As on 31 Dec 2024, the Bank's exposure to the industries stated below was more than 5% of the total gross credit exposure (outstanding):

Sr. No.	Industry Classification	Percentage of the total gross credit exposure
1	Basic Metal and Metal Products - Iron and Steel	13.12%
2	Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints,	
	etc.) - Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	23.88%
3	Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints,	
3	etc.) - Others	5.74%
4	Infrastructure - Energy - Electricity Generation -	
4	Private Sector	12.80%
5	NBFC	32.81%

# Residual contractual maturity breakdown of assets

(₹ '000)

Maturity Bucket	Cash, Balances with RBI and other Banks	Advances	Investments	Fixed Assets	Other Assets (Net)
Day 1	127,781	-	3,527,360	-	22,705
2 to 7 days	41,524	191,846	186,857	-	-
8 to 14 days	62,496	1,523,154	281,230	-	-
15 to 30 days	-	1,192,201	-	-	-
31 Days & upto 2 months	44,738	538,105	201,322	-	25,686
More than 2 months and upto 3 months	17,668	1,252,075	79,506	-	-
Over 3 months to 6 months	-	1,012,805	-	-	-
Over 6 months to 12 months	-	181,855	-	-	-
Over 1 year to 3 years	171	-	770	-	1
Over 3 years to 5 years	-	-	-	_	-
Over 5 years	-	-	-	4,231	444,614
Total	294,378	5,892,041	4,277,045	4,231	493,005

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# BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

# Movement of NPA (Gross) and Provision for NPAs

(₹'000)

Particulars	As at 31 Dec 2024
(i) Amount of NPAs (Gross)	-
Substandard	-
Doubtful 1	-
Doubtful 2	-
Doubtful 3	-
• Loss	-
(ii) Net NPAs	-
(iii) NPA Ratios	
Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	-
Net NPAs to Net Advances	-
(iv) Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
Opening Balance as at April 1, 2024	-
Additions	-
Reductions	-
Closing Balance as at Dec 31, 2024	-
(v) Movement of provision of NPAs	
Opening Balance as at April 1, 2024	-
Provisions made	-
Write- offs of NPA provision	-
Write backs of excess provisions	-
Closing Balance as at Dec 31, 2024	-

# NPI (Gross), Provision for NPI and Movement in Provision for Depreciation on investments

(₹'000s)

Particulars	As at 31 Dec 2024
(i) Amount of Non Performing Investments	-
(ii) Amount of provisions held for Non Performing Investments	-
(iii) Movement of provisions for depreciation on investments	-
Opening Balance as at April 1, 2024	-
Provision made	-
Provision written back on account of sale of Investment and write	-
back	-
Closing Balance as at Dec 31, 2024	-

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# BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

# Movement of general provisions during the period ended Dec 31, 2024

(₹'000)

Movement of provisions	Standard Assets Provision	Country Risk Provision	Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposures Provision	ASCL Provision	Specific Provision
Opening balance as at Apr 1, 2024	32,286	8,488	3,720	1	-
Provisions made during the period	(8,586)	264	(120)	419	-
Write-off	-	-	-	-	-
Write-back of excess provisions	-	-	-	1	-
Any other adjustments, including transfers between provisions	-	-	-	-	-
Closing balance as at Dec 31, 2024	23,700	8,752	3,600	419	-

# NPA (Gross), Provision for NPA and Movement in Provision for NPA

(₹'000)

Particulars	As at 31 Dec 2024
raiticulais	As at 31 Dec 2024
(i) Amount of Non-Performing Assets	-
(ii) Amount of provisions held for Non-Performing Assets	-
(iii) Movement of provisions for Non-Performing Assets	
Opening Balance as at Apr 1, 2024	-
Provision made during the year	-
Provision written back on account of sale of Investment and write	-
back	
Closing Balance as at Dec 31, 2024	-

# Major industry wise distribution of NPA, Specific and General Provision as on 31 Dec 2024

(₹'000)

Industry Name – Sub Industry	Non-Performing Loans	Specific Provision	General Provision*
Basic Metal and Metal Products - Iron and Steel	-	-	3,200
Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) - Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	-	-	5,822
Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) - Others	-	-	1,400
Infrastructure - Energy - Electricity Generation - Private Sector	-	-	3,120
Manufacture of Paper and Paper products		-	400
NBFC	-	-	8,000
Petroleum		-	1,000
Wholesale Trade	-	_	626

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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Others	-	-	132
Grand Total	-	-	23,700

<sup>\*</sup>Represents standard assets provision and Specific borrower

### Geographic Distribution of NPA as on 31 Dec 2024

(₹ '000)

Particulars	Domestic	Overseas
Non-Performing Loan Assets (Gross amount)	-	-

### DF-4 Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios subject to Standardised approach

### **Qualitative Disclosure**

The Bank has used the ratings of the following external credit rating agencies (arranged in alphabetical order) for the purposes of risk weighting their claims for capital adequacy purposes:

- a) Credit Analysis and Research Limited (CARE)
- b) CRISIL Ratings Limited
- c) ICRA Limited (ICRA)
- d) India Ratings and Research Private Limited (India Ratings) and
- e) SME Rating Agency of India Ltd. (SMERA)

International credit rating agencies (arranged in alphabetical order) for the purposes of risk weighting their claims for capital adequacy purposes where specified:

- a) Fitch;
- b) Moody's; and
- c) Standard & Poor's

The Bank has used the solicited ratings assigned by the above credit rating agencies for credit facilities provided to its customers.

# A description of the process used to transfer public issuer ratings onto comparable assets in the banking book:

- Bank has used short term ratings for assets with maturity upto one year and long-term ratings for assets maturing after one year as accorded by the approved external credit rating agencies.
- Bank has not cherry picked ratings. Bank has not used one rating of a CRA (Credit Rating Agency) for one exposure and another CRA's rating for another exposure on the same counterparty unless only one rating is available for a given exposure.
- If an issuer has a long term external credit rating that warrants RW (Risk Weight) of 150%, all unrated exposures on the same issuer whether long or short is assigned the same 150% RW unless mitigated by recognised Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) techniques.
- Bank has used only solicited rating from the recognised CRAs. In case the issuer has multiple ratings from CRAs, the Bank has a policy of choosing (if there are two or more ratings) lower rating.
- No recognition of CRM technique has been taken into account in respect of a rated exposure if that has already been factored by the CRA while carrying out the rating.

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### BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

### **Quantitative Disclosure**

# Details of credit exposures (funded and non-funded) classified by risk buckets

The table below provides the break-up of the Bank's net exposures into three major risk buckets.

(₹'000)

Sr. No.	Exposure amounts after risk mitigation	Fund Based	Non Funded
		Exposure*	Exposure
1	Below 100% risk weight exposure outstanding	4,392,040	203,933
2	100% risk weight exposure outstanding	-	ı
3	More than 100% risk weight exposure outstanding	1,500,000	1
4	Deducted (represents amounts deducted from Capital funds)	-	•
	Total	5,892,040	203,933

<sup>\*</sup>Represents book value as at Dec 31, 2024

### Notes:

- 1. Fund based credit exposure excludes Balance with RBI, Balances with Banks, SLR investments, Fixed and Other assets.
- 2. Non-fund based exposure includes Bank Guarantee exposures and Forward Contracts & LC Acceptances.

### Leverage Ratio

The leverage ratio has been calculated using the definitions of capital and total exposure. The Bank's leverage ratio, calculated in accordance with the RBI guidelines under consolidated framework is as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 Mar 2024	As at 30 Jun 2024	As at 30 Sep 2024	As at 31 Dec 2024
Z	Tier I capital	8,864,951	8,865,674	8,873,571	8,979,279
2	Exposure Measure	20,138,168	17,290,397	13,559,511	11,082,575
3	Leverage Ratio	44.02%	51.28%	65.44%	81.02%

# **DF 15 Liquidity Coverage Ratio**

(₹ '000)

	Particulars	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value
Hig	h Quality Liquid Assets		
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	3,089,084	3,089,084
Cas	sh Outflows		
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small	-	-
	business customers, of which:		
	(i) Stable deposits	-	-
	(ii) Less stable deposits	-	-

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BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

		Particulars	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value
3	Uns	ecured wholesale funding, of which:	-	-
	(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	1,554,517	622,305
	(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-
	(iii)	Unsecured debt	-	-
4	Sec	ured wholesale funding	-	-
5	Add	itional requirements, of which	-	-
	(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	-	-
	(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-
	(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-
6	Othe	er contractual funding obligations	79,492	79,492
7	Othe	er contingent funding obligations	8,730,549	433,247
8	Total Cash Outflows		10,364,558	1,135,044
Cas	h Inf	lows		
9	Sec	ured lending (eg reverse repos)	69,836	-
10	Inflo	ws from fully performing exposures	3,099,014	2,320,764
11	Othe	er cash inflows	2,107,692	11,346
12	Total Cash Inflows		5,276,542	2,332,110
Tot	al Ad	justed Value	4,873,702	5,088,017
21	TOT	AL HQLA		3,089,084
22	Tota	al Net Cash Outflows		283,761
23	Liqu	uidity Coverage Ratio (%)		1088.62%

<sup>\*</sup>The LCR is presented ratio as of quarter ended Dec 2024.

# Net stable funding ratio

Tab	le 1: Components of ASF Categories	(liability catego	ories)	
Sr No	Particulars	Associated ASF Factor	Unweighted Amount	Weighted Amount
1	Total regulatory capital (excluding Tier 2 instruments with residual maturity of less than one year)	100.00%	9,128,369	9,128,369
2	Other capital instruments with effective residual maturity of one year or more	100.00%	-	-
3	Other liabilities with effective residual maturity of one year or more	100.00%	-	-
4	Stable non-maturity (demand) deposits and term deposits with residual maturity of less than one	95.00%	-	-

BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Tabl	e 1: Components of ASF Categories	(liability catego	ories)	
Sr	Particulars	Associated	Unweighted	Weighted
No		ASF Factor	Amount	Amount
	year provided by retail and small			
	business customers			
	Less stable non-maturity deposits			
	and term deposits with residual			
5	maturity of less than one year	90.00%	-	-
	provided by retail and small			
	business customers			
	Funding with residual maturity of			
6	less than one year provided by non-	50.00%	1,353,687	676,844
	financial corporate customers			
7	Operational Deposits	50.00%	-	-
	Funding with residual maturity of			
8	less than one year from sovereigns,	50.00%	-	-
	PSEs, and multilateral and national	00.0070		
	development banks			
	Other funding with residual maturity			
	between six months and less than			
9	one year not included in the above	50.00%	-	-
	categories, including funding	00.0070		
	provided by central banks and			
	financial institutions			
	All other liabilities and equity not			
	included in the above categories,			
10	including liabilities without a stated	0.00%	453,452	-
	maturity (with a specific treatment		, -	
	for deferred tax liabilities and			
	minority interests)			
	NSFR derivative liabilities net of			
11	NSFR derivative assets if NSFR	0.00%	27,765	-
	derivative liabilities are greater than		,	
	NSFR derivative assets			
	"Trade date" payables arising from			
12	purchases of financial instruments,	0.00%	-	-
	foreign currencies			
	Total Available Stable Funding			9,805,213

Table	e 2: Components of RSF Category			
Sr No	Particulars	Associated RSF Factor	Unweighted Amount	Weighted Amount
A. O	n Balance Sheet Items			
1	Coins and banknotes	0.00%	-	-
2	Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) including excess CRR	0.00%	182,168	-

BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Table	Table 2: Components of RSF Category			
Sr		Associated	Unweighted	Martin de la de
No	Particulars	RSF Factor	Amount	Weighted Amount
3	All claims on RBI with residual maturities of less than six months	0.00%	-	-
4	"Trade date" receivables arising from sales of financial instruments, foreign currencies and commodities.	0.00%	-	-
5	Unencumbered Level 1 assets, excluding coins, banknotes, CRR and SLR Securities	5.00%	-	-
6	Unencumbered SLR Securities	5.00%	3,006,916	150,346
7	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions with residual maturities of less than six months, where the loan is secured against Level 1 assets as defined in LCR circular dated June 9, 2014 and various amendments as indicated in the text of the circular, and where the bank has the ability to freely rehypothecate the received collateral for the life of the loan	10.00%	-	-
8	All other 'standard' unencumbered loans to financial institutions with residual maturities of less than six months not included in the above categories	15.00%	2,000,000	300,000
9	Unencumbered Level 2A assets	15.00%	-	-
10	Unencumbered Level 2B assets	50.00%	-	-
11	HQLA encumbered for a period of six months or more and less than one year	50.00%		-
12	'Standard' Loans to financial institutions and central banks with residual maturities between six months and less than one year	50.00%	-	-
13	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	50.00%	-	-
14	All other assets not included in the above categories with residual maturity of less than one year, including 'standard' loans to nonfinancial corporate clients, to retail and small business	50.00%	4,042,296	2,021,148

BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Table	Table 2: Components of RSF Category			
Sr	Particulars Particulars	Associated	Unweighted	Weighted Amount
No	i articulars	RSF Factor	Amount	Weighted Amount
	customers, and 'standard' loans to			
	sovereigns and PSEs			
	Unencumbered 'standard'			
	residential mortgages with a			
15	residual maturity of one year or	65.00%	-	-
	more and assigned the minimum			
	risk weight under the Standardised			
	Approach Other unencumbered 'standard'			
	loans not included in the above			
	categories, excluding loans to			
	financial institutions, with a			
16	residual maturity of one year or	65.00%	-	-
	more and with a risk weight of less			
	than or equal to 35% under the			
	Standardised Approach			
	Cash, securities or other assets			
	posted as initial margin for			
17	derivative contracts and cash or	85.00%	1,555,514	1,322,187
	other assets provided to contribute			
	to the default fund of a CCP			
	Other unencumbered performing			
	loans with risk weights greater			
18	than 35% under the Standardised	85.00%	_	_
	Approach and residual maturities	00.0070		
	of one year or more, excluding			
	loans to financial institutions			
	Unencumbered securities that are			
19	not in default and do not qualify as HQLA with a remaining maturity of	85.00%		
19	one year or more and exchange-	65.00 %	-	-
	traded equities			
	Physical traded commodities,			
20	including gold	85.00%	-	-
04	All assets that are encumbered for	100.000/		
21	a period of one year or more	100.00%	•	-
	NSFR derivative assets net of			
22	NSFR derivative liabilities if NSFR	100.00%	176,380	176,380
	derivative assets are greater than	100.0070	170,300	170,300
	NSFR derivative liabilities			
23	5% of derivative liabilities	100.00%	-	-
	All other assets not included in the			
24	above categories, including	100.00%	230,114	230,114
	nonperforming loans, loans to			
<u></u>	financial institutions with a residual			

BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Table	Table 2: Components of RSF Category			
Sr	Particulars	Associated	Unweighted	Weighted Amount
No	Particulars	RSF Factor	Amount	Weighted Amount
	maturity of one year or more, non-			
	exchange-traded equities, fixed			
	assets, items deducted from			
	All restructured 'standard' loans			
25	which attract higher risk weight	100.00%	-	-
	and additional provision			
	equired Stable Funding – On Baland	e Sheet Asset	s (Sum of 1 to 25)	3,970,061
B. Of	f Balance Sheet Items			1
	Currently Undrawn Position of			
26	Irrevocable and conditionally	5.00%	-	-
	revocable credit and liquidity			
	facilities to any client			
	Currently Undrawn Position of			
27	Other contingent funding obligations, including products and			511,625
	0.1			
	instruments (27.a) + (27.b) + (27.c)  Currently Undrawn Position of			
27a	Unconditionally revocable credit	5.00%	10,129,958	506,498
214	and liquidity facilities	3.0070	10,125,550	000,400
	Trade finance-related obligations			
27b	(including guarantees and letters	3.00%	170,884	5,127
	of credit)	0.0070	,	,
	Guarantees and letters of credit			
27c	unrelated to trade finance	3.00%	-	-
	obligations			
28	Non-contractual obligations 28. (a)			
20	+ 28. (b) + 28. (c)			
	Potential requests for debt			
	repurchases of the bank's own			
28a	debt or that of related conduits,	5.00%	-	-
	securities investment vehicles and			
	other such financing facilities			
	Structured products where			
	customers anticipate ready			
28b	marketability, such as adjustable	5.00%	-	-
	rate notes and variable rate			
	demand notes (VRDNs)			
	Managed funds that are marketed	5.000/		
28c	with the objective of maintaining a	5.00%	-	-
D D-	stable value	o Choot Assat	o (Sum of 26 to 20)	E44 60E
	equired Stable Funding – Off Baland	e Sneet Asset	5 (Suiii 01 20 10 28)	511,625
rotal	Required Stable Funding (A+B)			4,481,686

(Incorporated in Singapore with limited liability)

# BASEL III - Pillar 3 as on December 31, 2024

Table 3 : Net Stable Funding Ratio	
(Total Available Stable Funding)*100/Total	218.78%
Required Stable Funding	210.7076