

ASEAN Consumer Sentiment Study (ACSS)

2025

Vietnam Report





### Our objective

ASEAN Consumer Sentiment Study (ACSS) is UOB's regional flagship study analysing consumer trends and sentiments in five countries (Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia and Vietnam).

Now in its 6th year, the 2025 survey was conducted in June and captures the responses of 5000 consumers across different demographic groups in this dynamic ASEAN region.

### Research Design at a glance



25 mins online survey Fieldwork: May – Jun 2025

Total of **1000** interviews

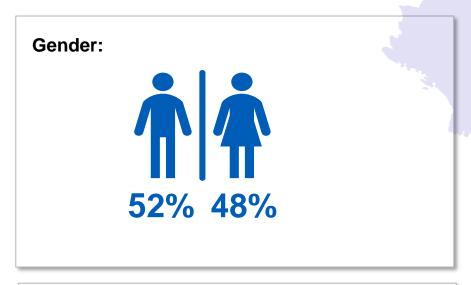


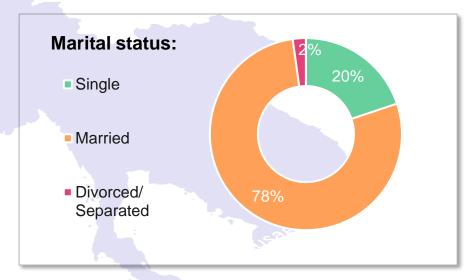
Male/ females aged 18-65 years

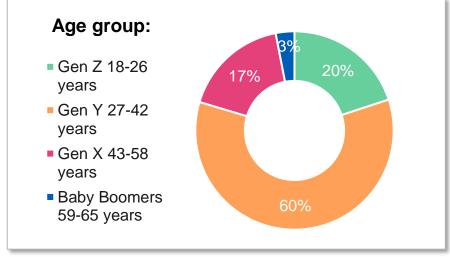




### Detailed look at who we spoke to







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- **4** Financial Preparedness



 Consumer Sentiments and Outlook The UOB ASEAN Consumer Sentiment Index is designed to capture the pulse of consumer confidence across key ASEAN markets

It is **derived from 6 questions** and reflects consumer perceptions of both current and future economic conditions, alongside personal financial concerns and expectations that together encompass a macro and micro view.

### **Current** Future

- Perception of current economic environment (Very/somewhat positive)
- Perception of economic performance over the next 6-12 months (Very/somewhat positive)

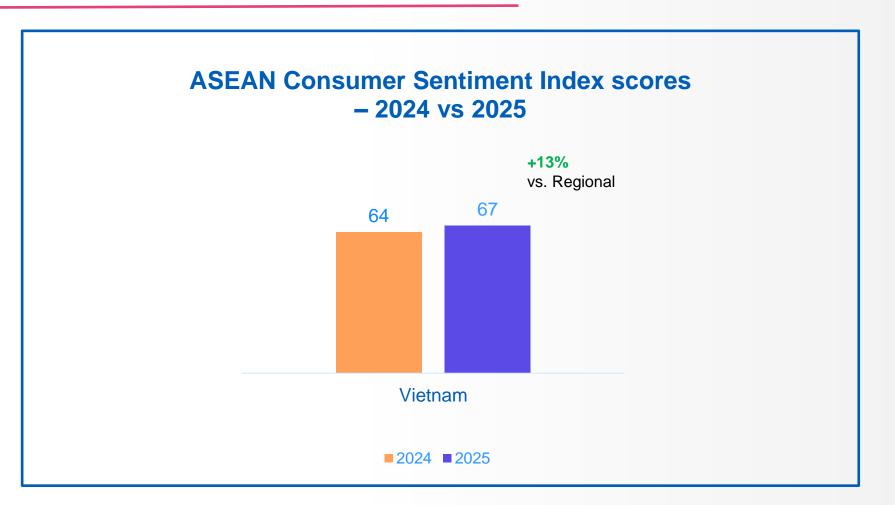
- Your household's increased expenses
   (Not worried at all/a little worried)
- The possibility of having your pay cut/income declining (Not worried at all/a little worried)
- Your long-term financial commitments (Not worried at all/a little worried)
- Where do you expect to be financially this time next year (Much better off/little better off)

Macro

Micro

### The ACSI score in VN improved from the previous wave

#### Consumer Sentiment Index



From a macro perspective, there is increased optimism about the current and future economic environment

Consumer Sentiment Index – Macro perspective

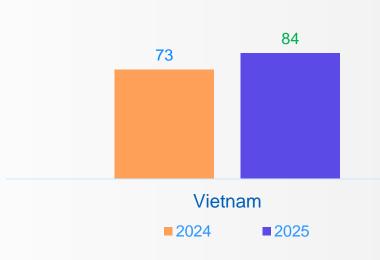
**Macro score** 83 (+12)

### Optimism about current economic environment

Current



Future
Optimism about future economic environment





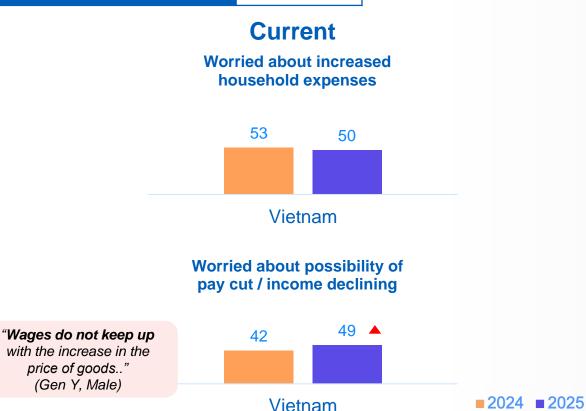
However, from a micro perspective, there is some increased concern about income loss and long-term financial commitments, resulting in a small drop in the Micro score

Consumer Sentiment Index – Micro perspective

Micro score

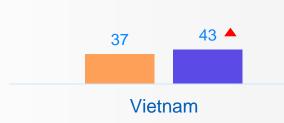
(Gen Y, Male)

59 (-2)

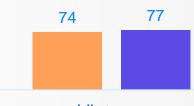


#### **Future**

**Worried about** long-term financial commitments



**Expect future financial** situation to be better off



Vietnam

Significantly higher concern vs. 2024 Significantly lower concern vs. 2024

Significantly higher vs. 2024 Significantly lower vs. 2024

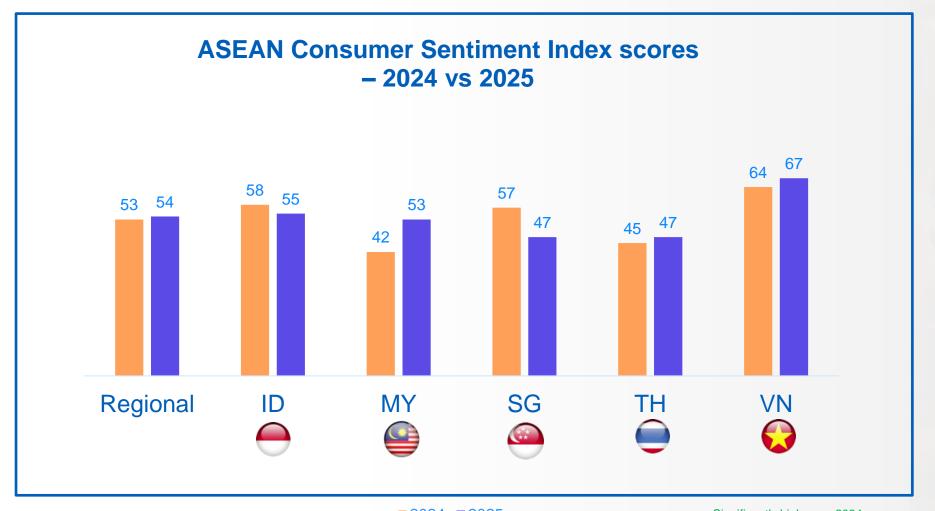
"The ratio of home/car loan payments to monthly

> income is too high." (Gen Y, Male)

B1. Listed below are some key areas that people talk about. Please indicate how worried you are at the moment about each of them. BF2. Looking ahead to this time next year, where do you expect to be financially compared to today? Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

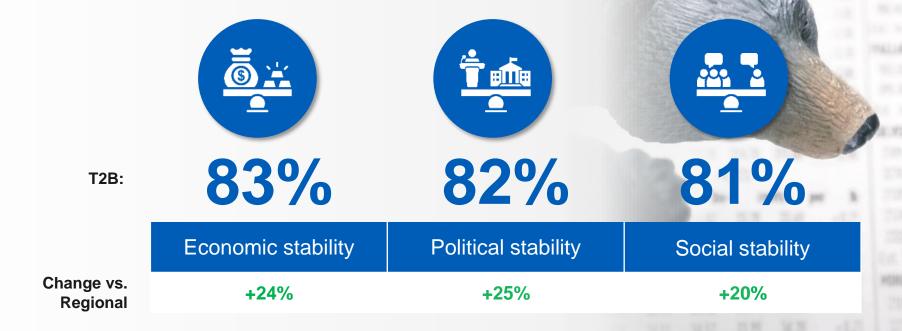
### Vietnam leads the region with the highest Consumer Sentiment Index score

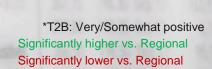
Consumer Sentiment Index – by markets



Over 8 in 10 are positive about the economic, political, and social stability in Vietnam, higher than the region

Feelings on current economic, political, and social stability (T2B)





**#UOB** 

# Daily Concerns & Expectations



# Consumers in Vietnam are more concerned about their work and health & well-being now than before

Current aspects that are worrying (T2B)

Net score:	<b>78%</b>	770/0	67%	63%
	Surrounding Environment^	Finances^	Work-related^	Health & Well-being
Change vs. Regional	+3%	0%	+4%	+5%
Change vs. 2024	NA	0%	+4%	+8%

<sup>^</sup>New statement added/statement tweaked in 2025

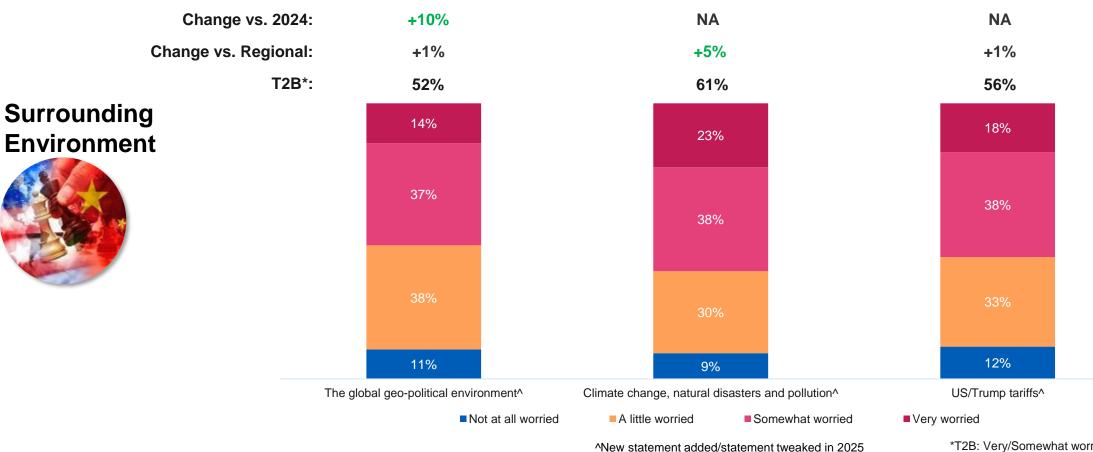
# Cost of living concerns have declined since a year ago and consumers are most worried about climate change, and US tariffs

### Top current aspects that are worrying (T2B) – by market

Regional	Vietnam	Change vs. 2024:
Increased cost of living due to inflation	Climate change, natural disasters and pollution	NA
Climate change, natural disasters and pollution	US/Trump tariffs	NA
US/Trump tariffs	Increased cost of living due to inflation	-6%
Your household's increased expenses	The global geo-political environment	+10%
The global geo-political environment	Your household's increased expenses	-2%
	Increased cost of living due to inflation  59%  Climate change, natural disasters and pollution  56%  US/Trump tariffs  55%  Your household's increased expenses  54%  The global geo-political environment	Increased cost of living due to inflation  59%  Climate change, natural disasters and pollution  59%  US/Trump tariffs  US/Trump tariffs  US/Trump tariffs  Increased cost of living due to inflation  55%  Your household's increased expenses  54%  The global geo-political environment  54%  Your household's increased expenses

# Concerns among VN consumers about the global geo-political environment have intensified since last year

Current aspects that are worrying – Surrounding Environment

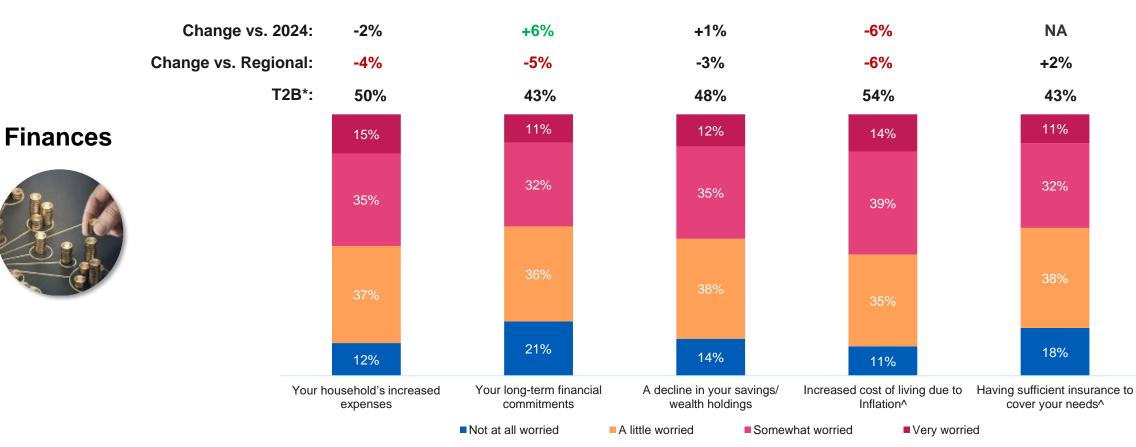


B1. Listed below are some key areas that people talk about. Please indicate how worried you are at the moment about each of them. Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

\*T2B: Very/Somewhat worried Significantly higher vs. Regional/2024 Significantly lower vs. Regional/2024

### VN consumers show increasing worry over long-term finances, while inflation concerns have eased

### Current aspects that are worrying – Finances

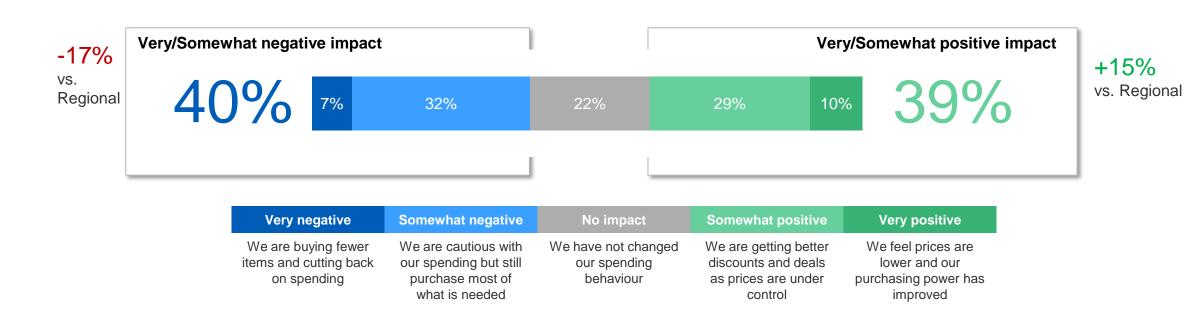


^New statement added/statement tweaked in 2025

\*T2B: Very/Somewhat worried Significantly higher vs. Regional/2024 Significantly lower vs. Regional/2024

# Impact of inflation on household's purchasing power is generally much more positive than region

Impact of inflation on household's purchasing power



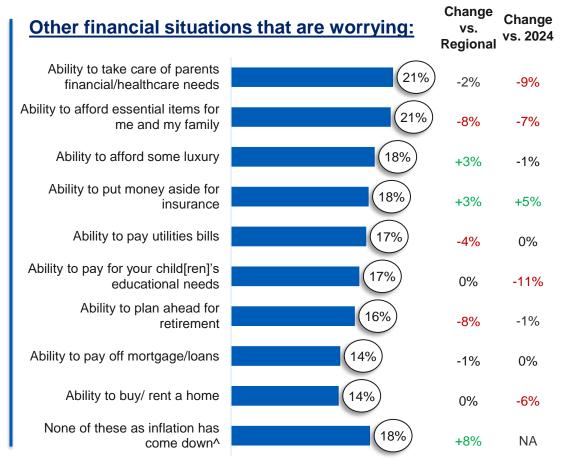
### Saving, investing, and lifestyle upkeep are top concerns, albeit to a lesser extent than in the region and less than 2024

Most worrying financial situations to be in

### Top 3 most worrying financial situations to be in:

27% 22% 22%

		to put money e for saving	Ability to put money aside for investment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	nge vs. egional	-7%	0%	-3%
Cha	nge vs. 2024	-6%	-7%	-10%



### Fewer consumers have reduced discretionary spending and looked for offers compared to a year ago

Efforts in coping with inflation

#### Top 3 efforts in coping with inflation:

38% 34% 33%



Looked for offers/discounts when shopping

Started tracking expenses more carefully^1



-9%

-9%

-6%

Change vs. 2024

-12%

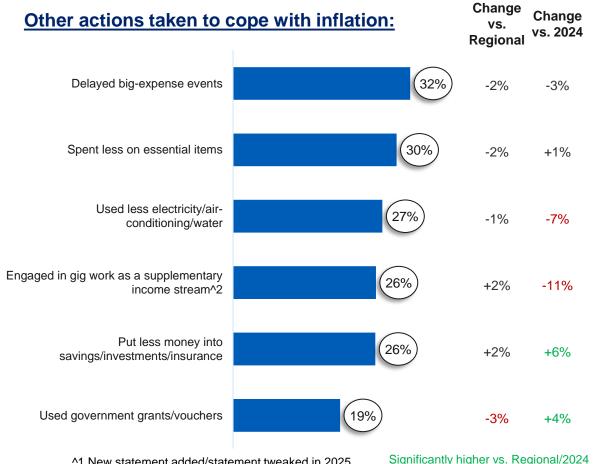
-10%

NA

### I have not done anything in particular



BF3. What have you done in the past 6-12 months to cope with inflation? Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000



<sup>^1</sup> New statement added/statement tweaked in 2025

Significantly lower vs. Regional/2024 ^2 2024 statement: Started a secondary source of income

# Financial situation expectation in the coming year

# There is higher optimism about future financial improvement among VN consumers



BF2. Looking ahead to this time next year, where do you expect to be financially compared to today? Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

\*T3B: Better off/Same as now

() Significantly higher vs. 2024

() Significantly lower vs. 2024

Significantly higher vs. Regional Significantly lower vs. Regional



2. Shifts in Spending and Financial Behaviour

# Shifts in spending habits



# VN shoppers are driven by value, favouring promotional offers and versatile products, and also willing to pay a premium for sustainable products

Change in shopping habits in the past 12 months

### Top 3 changes in shopping habits:

38%

34%

33%

Bought more products on sale or at a discount

Bought more multifunctional or versatile products to maximise value Paid a premium for a more ecofriendly/sustainable product

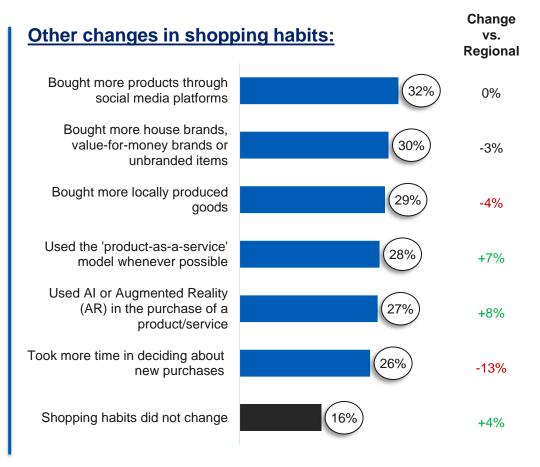
Change

-11%

+1%

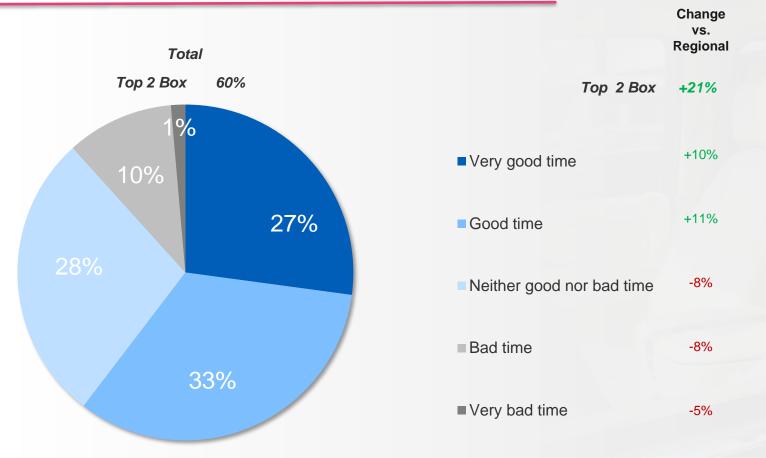
+11%

vs. Regional



# 60% of VN consumers see it as a good time for major purchases, reflecting strong economic confidence

Assessing the timing for major purchases





C2d. Generally speaking, do you think now is a good or bad time for consumers to buy major items (e.g. furniture, refrigerator, television, car, house etc.)

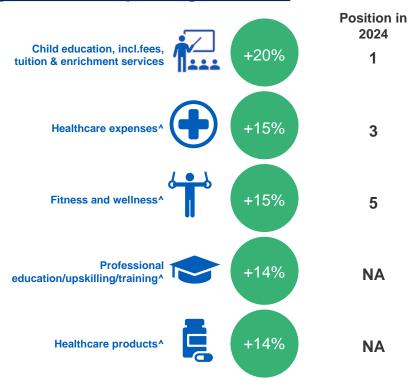
Base: Total sample, n=1,000

## Spending has increased for categories of child education, health care, and wellness

### Top 5 categories where spending increased (sorted by Net increase)

Note: Numbers here represent net change (spend more – spend less)

#### Top 5 categories where spending increased

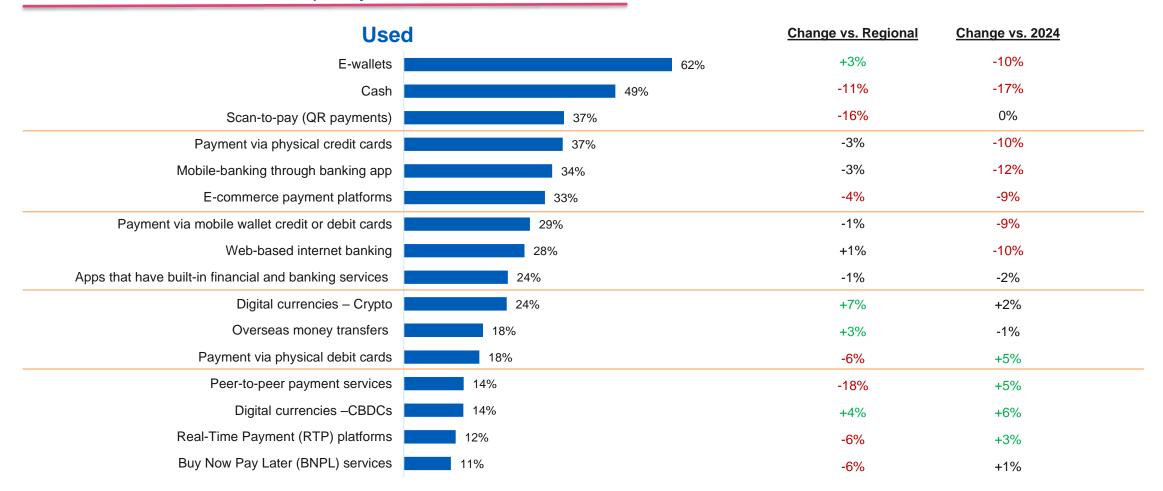




3. Digital Payment Methods

# While e-wallets and scan-to-pay are still popular, usage has declined over the past year with greater adoption of debit cards, digital currencies, P2P and RTP platforms

Products/Services used in the past year

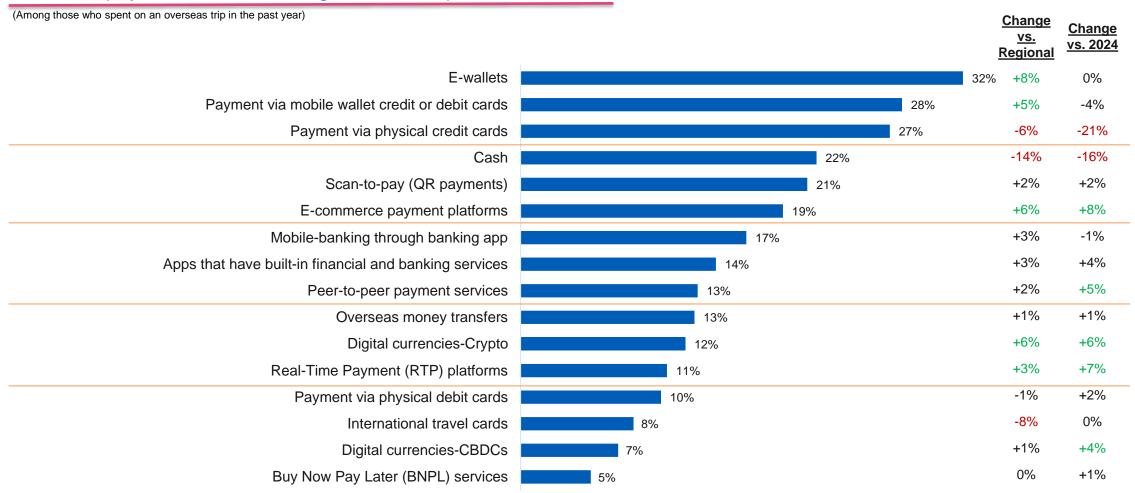


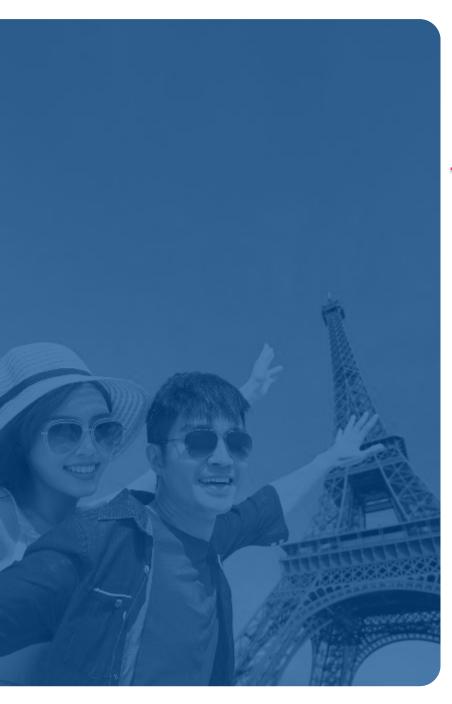
I1. Have you used any of these products or services in the last 6-12 months? Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

<sup>()</sup> Significantly higher vs. 2024 Significantly higher vs. Regional

# E-wallets remain the top payment choice during overseas trips, followed by mobile wallets

### Preferred payment method during overseas trip





### Cash is favoured for its ease of use and perceived security benefits

Reasons for preferring cash payments when overseas

(Among those who prefer cash when overseas)

-5% vs. Regional

For better security, as alternatives like cards or digital payments carry a risk +11%

of fraud

vs. Regional

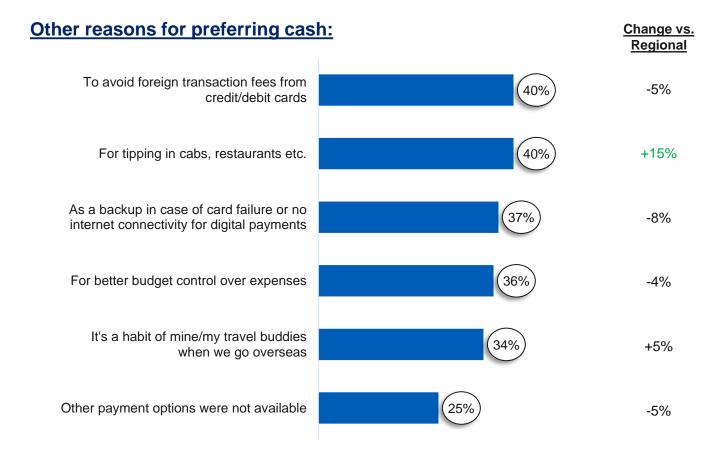
C5a. You selected "cash" as one of your preferred modes of payment during your overseas trip. Why do you prefer cash over other payment options? Base: Those who preferred cash payments overseas 2025, n= 97



# 4 in 10 consumers choose cash to avoid transaction fees and for giving tips

### Reasons for preferring cash payments when overseas

(Among those who prefer cash when overseas)



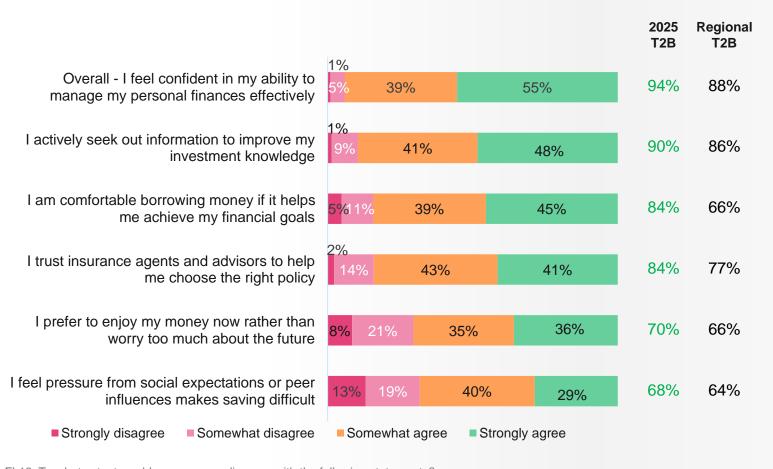
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4. Financial Preparedness

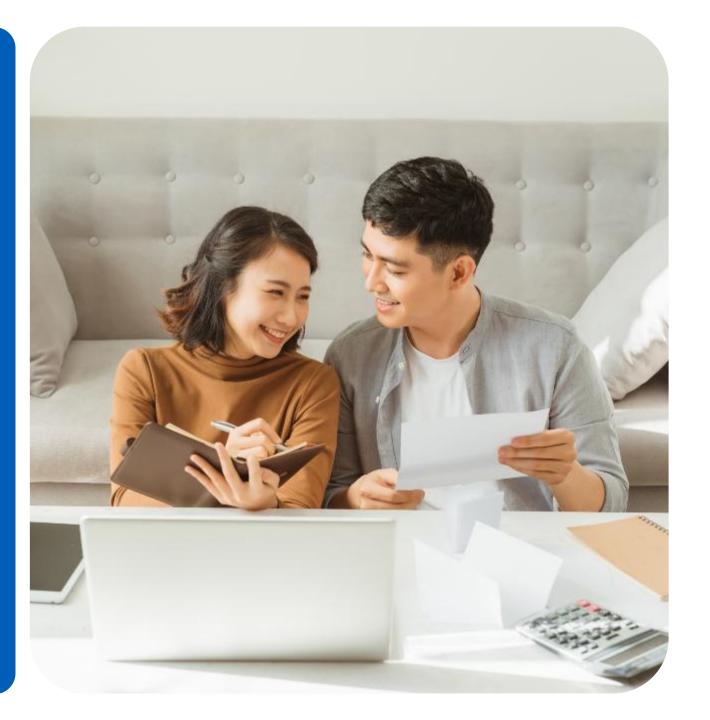
# Confidence of VN consumers in financial matters is higher than in the region

### Attitudes to financial planning



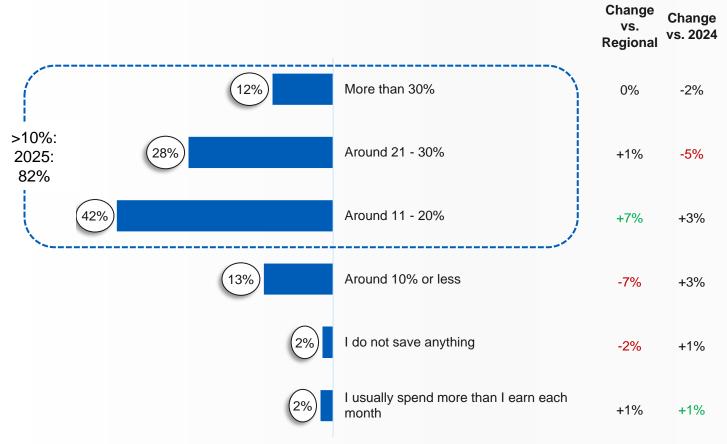


### Savings



### 8 in 10 VN consumers save over 10% of their monthly income

### Proportion of income saved each month



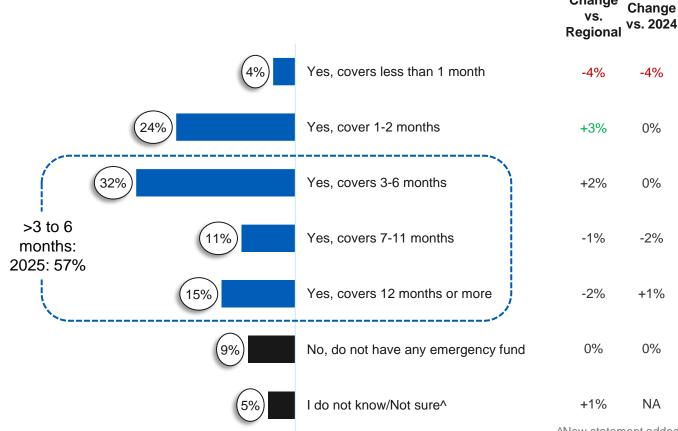




# -1% -6% vs. Regional vs. 2024 Have an emergency fund

# 83% of VN consumers have an emergency fund, but this has dropped significantly from 2024

### Availability of emergency funds



FL2. Do you have any emergency funds? If so, how many months of your regular expenses can it covers? FL9A. How prepared are you today in each of these areas? Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

^New statement added in 2025 Significantly higher vs. Regional/2024 Significantly lower vs. Regional/2024

## Protection



## Half of VN consumers still prioritise auto and life insurance, but adoption has dropped compared to the previous year

### Insurance currently owned

Base: Total sample, 2025, n=1,000

		Change vs. Regional	Change vs. 2025
53%	[NET] Auto Insurance^	+13%	-7%
49%	Life Insurance	-3%	-14%
44%	Personal Health Insurance - Excluding any Basic Health Insurance from the government^	+6%	NA
43%	[NET] Personal Accident Insurance^	+8%	+8%
30%	Term Life Insurance^	+7%	+9%
29%	[NET] Death & Total Permanent Disability^	+3%	NA
27%	[NET] Home Insurance^	+1%	+13%
20%	Critical Illness Insurance^	-6%	+6%
10%)	None of these	0%	+5%

## About 3 in 5 consumers who have taken these 2 types of insurance tend to get coverage of 1 to 3 times their annual income

Insurance coverage x annual income

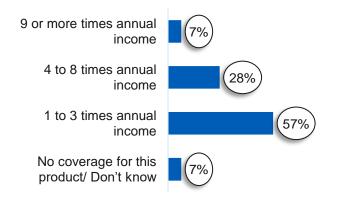
### **Obtain insurance for:**

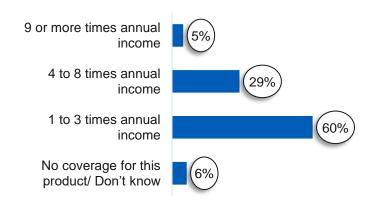
#### [NET] Death & Total Permanent Disability

### Critical Illness

Base n=291

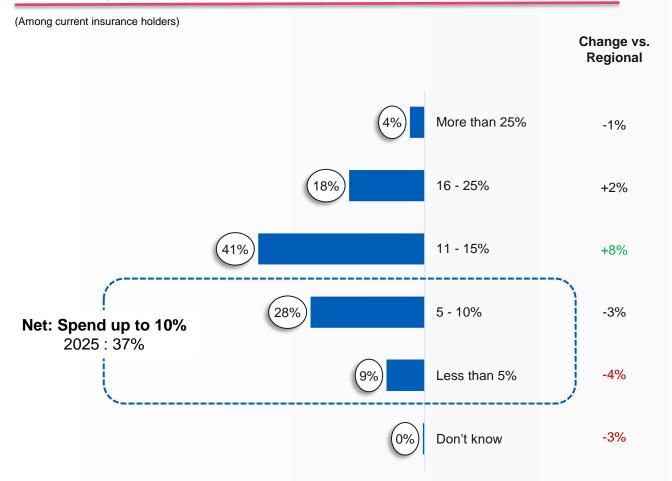
Base n=208

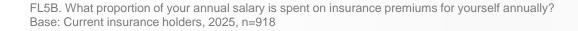


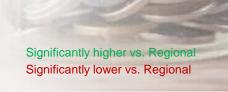


## More than 1 in 3 consumers spend at most 10% of their annual salary on insurance premiums

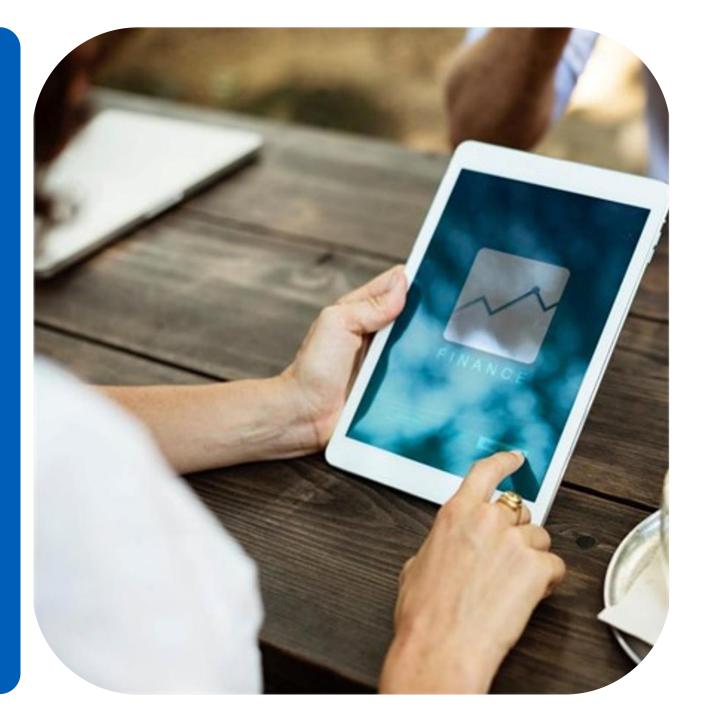
#### Percentage of income spent on insurance annually





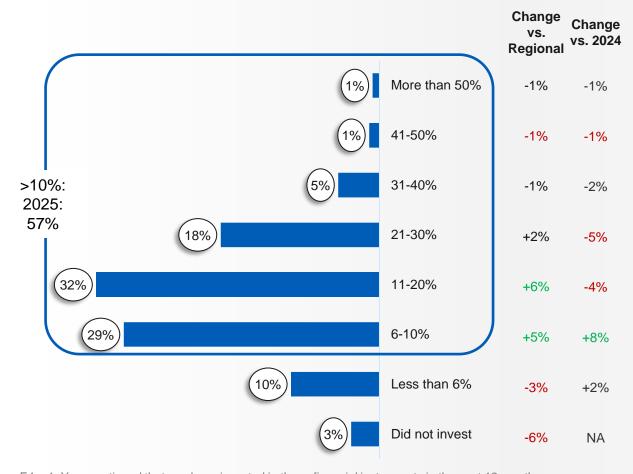


Investment



## About 3 in 5 invested over 10% of their annual income in various financial instruments

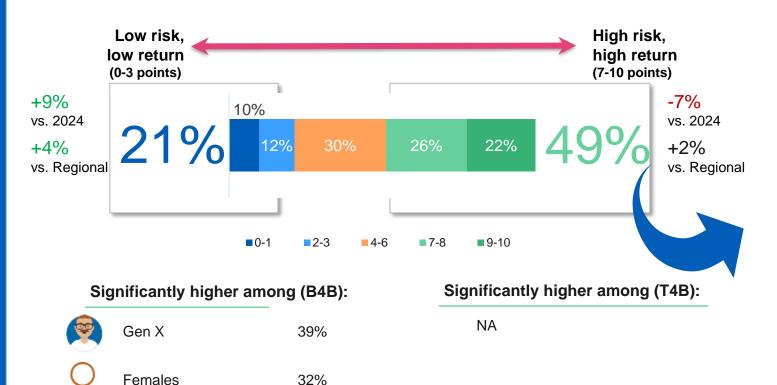
#### Proportion of annual income invested in the past year





## Risk appetite of VN consumers has declined significantly from the last wave

Attitude towards investment vs. Financial instruments where more money was put in



	Total	High risk attitude
Base:	1,000	496
Property for investment/rental income	24%	27%
Stocks (shares)^	23%	26%
Sustainable investments e.g. green bonds etc	23%	26%
Bank fixed deposits*	22%	21%
Bonds (fixed income)^	20%	20%
Physical assets, e.g. property, jewellery, gold etc	20%	24%
Units of managed funds (unit trust)	17%	19%
Digital currencies and assets, e.g., crypto and NFTs	16%	22%
Digital currencies and assets e.g. CBDCs	16%	22%

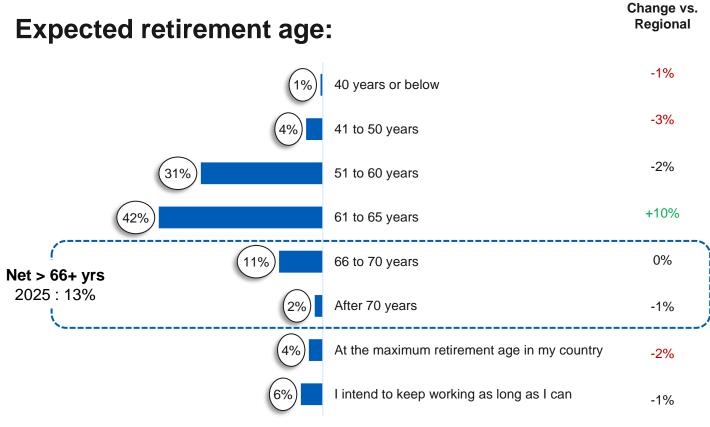
Planning – Retirement & Legacy





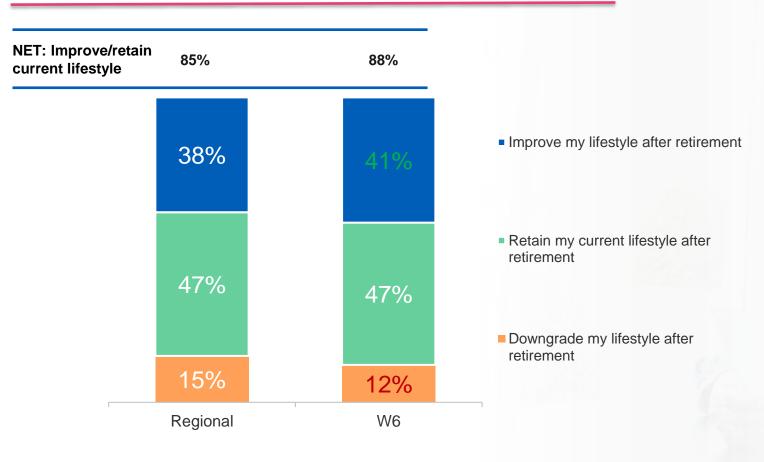
### 13% expect to retire after 65 years

#### Expected retirement age



Most VN consumers expect to retain or improve their current lifestyle post retirement

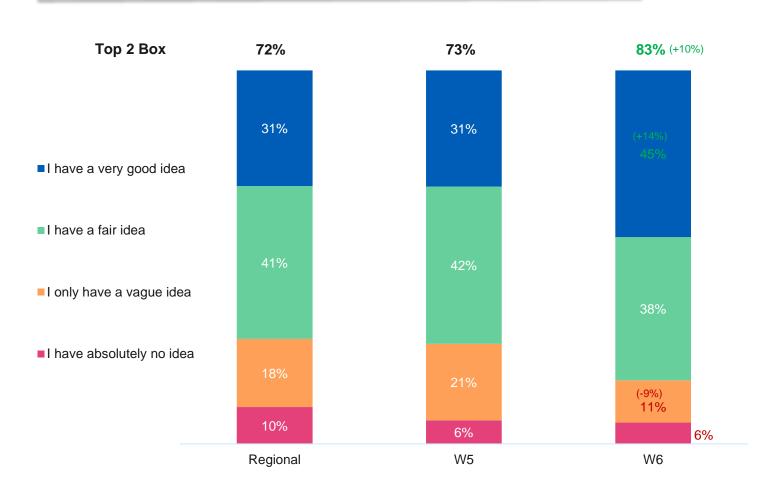
### Expected lifestyle for retirement





## Over 4 in 5 have a fair to very good idea about the money they will need to retire comfortably, which is higher than last year

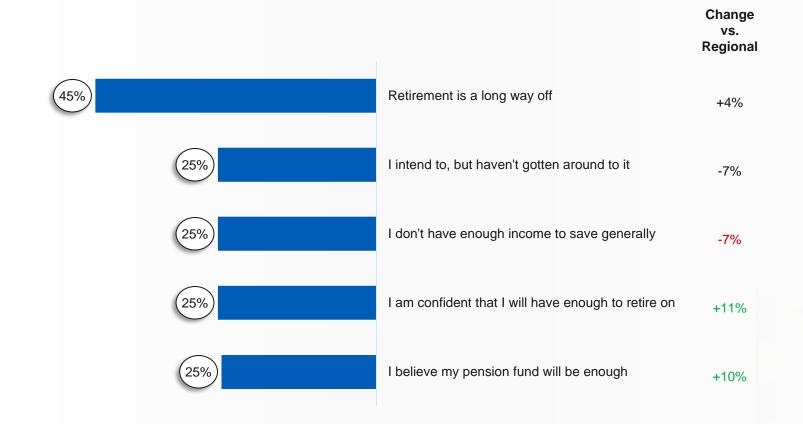
#### Idea on how much is needed to retire comfortably



# Uncertainty around retirement finances is linked to perceptions of it being far off among more than 2 in 5 consumers

Reasons for not having an idea on how much is needed to retire comfortably

(Among those who with vague or no idea how much they need to retire comfortably)





About 3 in 4 have feel prepared for legacy planning, with over 1 in 3 having named beneficiaries and setting lasting powers of attorney

Change

Legacy planning

		vs. Regional	Change vs. 2024
37%	Nominated a beneficiary for provident fund / life insurance benefits	+4%	0%
36%	Lasting Power of Attorney	+8%	+7%
33%	Made a will	0%	+13%
32%	Advance Care Plan	+7%	+7%
32%	None of the above	+3%	+1%







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